

Decoding Past Environmental Crises: Insights from Archaeoentomology and Marine Sedimentary Archives

June 4, 2026, 3:30pm–5:30pm (Paris time)

Open to all, no registration required

PABA amphitheatre (Building B5, Bordes Campus) & online

Zoom link: <https://u-bordeaux-fr.zoom.us/j/82385627704>

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GPR «Human Past» - Melina Abdou

Speakers:

Allison Bain

Université Laval, Québec, Canada

Frédérique Eynaud

Université de Bordeaux, France

**More
information**

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Speakers & Abstracts

Allison Bain – *Professeure titulaire à Université Laval, Québec, Canada*

Archaeoentomology and the Columbian Exchange: the transformation of the North American Insect Fauna during the Colonial Period



From the 16th century onwards, landscapes of Northeastern North America were permanently transformed due to the exploitation of coastal resources such as cod and the establishment of European colonies. These colonial ventures introduced new plant and insect species that rapidly displaced local ones. The imminent entomologist Carl Lindroth posited that the study of entomological introductions was limited due to a lack of direct evidence, while the historian Alfred Crosby also examined this circulation of humans, plants and animals and framed them as part of what he termed the "Columbian Exchange". Both Crosby and Lindroth understood these transformations but lacked access to the unique data sources provided by archaeological sediments that document the presence of Palaearctic insects from the 1600s onwards. This talk will examine the rapid and permanent transformation of the coleopteran fauna of Northeastern North America, as documented via archaeoentomological analyses.

Frédérique Eynaud – *Maîtresse de conférences à l'Université de Bordeaux, France*

Marine sedimentary archives from the Bay of Biscay margin: key sequences to decode the Holocene climatic variability



Palaeoclimatology offers a way to supplement the limited temporal coverage of instrumental data, in order to offer a better understanding of the climate natural sensitivity (threshold periods, extremes, typical frequency, modes, etc.). This objective can be easily achieved for the western European environments by compiling Holocene series with very high time resolutions, as those existing along the inner margin of the Bay of Biscay. This work will summarize some of the latest paleoenvironmental findings and observations detected with these sequences (some of them providing a direct correlation between the dynamics of Mesolithic/Neolithic human settlements) and detail the main events consistently detected across the entire Bay of Biscay, as well as their teleconnections with climate oscillations known for the boreal hemisphere and the pan-North Atlantic.

Organisers:

This seminar is organised by Lisa Richelmi and Jean-Bernard Huchet (PACEA)

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